

# PE - Knowledge Organiser

# Year 5 - Autumn 1 - Gymnastics

#### Links to the PE National Curriculum

- Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement.
- Pupils should be taught to develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics].

#### Key Skills: Physical

- Straddle roll
- Forward roll
- Backward roll
- Counter balance
- Counter tension
- Bridge
- Shoulder stand
- Handstand
- Cartwheel
- Vault

## Social: Responsibility

Key Skills: S.E.T

- Social: Collaboration
- Social: Communication
- Social: Respect
- Emotional: Confidence
- Thinking: Observing and providing feedback
- Thinking: Selecting and applying actions
- Thinking: Evaluating and improving sequences

#### Ways to improve a sequence

- Level: Use a variety of levels. Can you explore that balance, shape, jump on a different level?
  - Action: Include a variety of actions such as a jump, balance, travel, shape.
- Balance: Hold your balances with good extension and clear shapes for 3 5 seconds.
- **Body tension:** Squeeze your muscles to create and hold strong clear shapes.
- **Direction:** Vary the direction used within a sequence e.g. forwards, backwards, sideways.
- Speed: Vary the speed used within a sequence e.g. fast and slow.
  - Pathway: Change the path that is used e.g. straight, L shaped, diagonal etc.
  - Timing: Use canon and synchronisation in the performance.

### **Key Vocabulary:**

- symmetrical asymmetrical extension
- rotation
   synchronisation
   canon
- inverted progression aesthetics

### Teacher Glossary

Shapes: E.g. tuck, pike, straddle, dish, arch, star, front support, back support.

Pathway: Designs traced in space (on the floor or in the air).

Sequence: A number of actions linked together.

Body tension: Squeezing muscles to help to stay strong when performing actions.

Having good body tension improves the quality of an action.

Inverted movement: An action where the hips go above the head such as a shoulder stand, bridge and cartwheel.

Canon: When performers complete the same physical action one after the other.

Synchronisation: When performers complete the same physical action at the same